

Safety Data Sheet Soda Ash, Light Revision 4, Date 24 Jan 2017

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Soda Ash, Light

Other Names Soda ash; Sodium carbonate; Sodium carbonate, anhydrous; Washing soda

Uses Cleaning agents and additives; Dishwashing and laundry detergents; Photochemicals; Fillers; Laboratory chemicals;

pH-regulating/buffering agent; Glass industry, chemical industry, metallurgy; Purifying flue gas.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula Na2CO3

Carbonic acid, disodium salt **Chemical Name**

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Pty Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Pty Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System

Sydney



Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 5

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Pictograms



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements Prevention **P280** Wear eye protection/face protection.

P264 Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

Response **P337 + P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Hazards

HSNO Classifications Health **6.1D** Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful

6.1E

Substances that are acutely toxic -May be harmful, Aspiration hazard

6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium carbonate	NaCO3	497-19-8	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally

lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or doctor/physician, or for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get

medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin and hair with running water

for several minutes; Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash

contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing until recovered. If

respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing. Administer

oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is

out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible; Material does not burn.

Extinguishing Media If material is involved in a fire, use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire or heat may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including oxides of Carbon.

Special Fire Fighting

Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) in combination with normal firefighting clothing (full fire kit).

Flash Point

No Data Available

Lower Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature

No Data Available

Hazchem Code

No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Slipping hazard. Avoid dust formation.

Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material (sweep up/shovel) and place it in suitable, properly labelled containers for disposal (see SECTION

13); if appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination Wash area down with excess water. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent any mixture

with an acid into the sewer/drain (gas formations).

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be

contained.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment

as required (see SECTION 8).

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from moisture (hygroscopic).

Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original or suitable, properly labelled containers. Suitable packaging material: Polyethylene; Woven plastic

material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3 (total); TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Local exhaust ventilation is generally

preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the

general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if an inhalation risk exists.

Recommended: Dust mask/respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety goggles.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves, e.g. Neoprene, Natural rubber.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended:

Overalls, safety shoes.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing

and wash before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearancePowderOdourOdourlessColourWhite

pH 11.2 (4 g/l 25 °C) - 11.3 (10 g/l 25 °C) **Vapour Pressure** Negligible (@ No Data Available)

Relative Vapour DensityNo Data AvailableBoiling PointNo Data Available

Melting Point 851 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available
Solubility 212.5 g/l water 20°C

Specific Gravity 2.53

Flash PointNo Data AvailableAuto Ignition TempNo Data AvailableEvaporation RateNo Data Available

Bulk Density 0.5 - 0.6 kg/m3 [free flow]

Corrosion Rate No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature >400 °C

DensityNo Data AvailableSpecific HeatNo Data AvailableMolecular Weight106 g/molNet Propellant WeightNo Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient No Data Available Particle Size <125 µm (80 - 90 %) **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available Saturated Vapour Concentration No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** pKa: 6.4 - 10.3

Potential for Dust Explosion No information available. **Fast or Intensely Burning** No information available.

Characteristics

Rate of Solid Materials

Flame Propagation or Burning No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Non-combustible; Material does not burn.

Reactions That Release Gases

or Vapours

Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information The solution in water is a medium-strong base. Reacts violently with acids. Reacts with magnesium, phosphorous

pentoxide causing explosion hazard. Reacts with fluorine causing fire hazard.

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. **Conditions to Avoid** Avoid dust formation. Avoid exposure to moisture.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with acids, magnesium, phosphorus pentoxide, fluorine, (finely divided) aluminium.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: The product has low acute (oral) toxicity. No adverse health effects expected; However, ingestion of

large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause skin irritation. Not classified as irritating to skin (Rabbit) [OECD TG 404].

- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. Irritating to eyes (Rabbit) [according to a standardised method].

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No information available.

- Germ cell mutagenicity: Product is not considered to be genotoxic.

- Carcinogenicity: Not considered carcinogenic. Not listed as carcinogenic according IARC.

- Reproductive toxicity: The product does not show specific reproductive or developmental toxicity.

- STOT (single exposure): The dust may be irritating to the respiratory tract.

- STOT (repeated exposure): Systemic toxicity is not expected.

- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat (male/female): 2,800 mg/kg

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rabbit: >2,000 mg/kg (no mortality observed at this concentration).

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) static test: 300 mg/l (96 h).

- EC50, Aquatic invertebrates: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) semi-static test: 200 - 227 mg/l (48 h).

* Not considered harmful to aquatic life (LC/LL50, EC/EL50: >100 mg/l).

Persistence/Degradability The product is not considered to be rapidly degradable in the environment.

Soda Ash, Light

No Data Available

- Biodegradability: Not applicable (inorganic substance).

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential Bioconcentration factor (BCF): Not applicable (inorganic substance).

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information If recycling is not practicable, dispose of product/packaging in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Cleaning and disposal of packaging: Where possible, recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. Clean container with water; Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

Proper Shipping Name

ADG Code

No Data Available Class Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available

Land Transport (Malaysia)

Special Provision

ADR Code

Soda ash, Light **Proper Shipping Name** Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number

No Data Available
Hazchem

No Data Available
Pack Group

No Data Available
Special Provision

No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number

No Data Available
Hazchem

No Data Available
Pack Group

No Data Available
Special Provision

No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Soda Ash, Light Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameSoda Ash, LightClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR003265

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AICS) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 207-838-8

Europe (REACh)Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes

SOCARB1800, SOCARB1801, SOCARB1802, SOCARB1803, SOCARB1804, SOCARB1805, SOCARB1806, SOLCAB1000, SOLCAB1001, SOLCAB1002, SOLCAB1003, SOLCAB2000, SOLCAB2001, SOLCAB2002, SOLCAB2003, SOLCAB2004, SOLCAB2005, SOLCAB2006, SOLCAB2007, SOLCAB2008, SOLCAB2009, SOLCAB3000, SOLCAB3001, SOLCAB5500, SOLCAB6000, SOLCAB6100, SOLCAB6500, SOLCAR1000, SOLCAR1001, SOLCAR1002, SOLCAR1003, SOLCAR1004, SOLCAR1005, SOLCAR1006, SOLCAR1007, SOLCAR1008, SOLCAR1009, SOLCAR1010, SOLCAR1011, SOLCAR1012, SOLCAR1013, SOLCAR1014, SOLCAR1015, SOLCAR1016, SOLCAR1017, SOLCAR1018, SOLCAR1019, SOLCAR1020, SOLCAR1021, SOLCAR1022, SOLCAR1023, SOLCAR1024, SOLCAR1025, SOLCAR1026, SOLCAR1027, SOLCAR1028, SOLCAR1029, SOLCAR1030, SOLCAR1031, SOLCAR1032, SOLCAR1033, SOLCAR1034, SOLCAR1040, SOLCAR1100, SOLCAR1107, SOLCAR1200, SOLCAR2001, SOLCAR2002, SOLCAR2003, SOLCAR2004, SOLCAR2005, SOLCAR2006, SOLCAR3000, SOLCAR3001, SOLCAR3002,

SOLCAR3003, SOLCAR3010, SOLCAR3020, SOLCAR3500, SOLCAR4000, SOLCAR4001, SOLCAR5000, SOLCAR5001, SOLCAR5002, SOLCAR5003, SOLCAR5005, SOLCAR5006, SOLCAR5100, SOLCAR5500, SOLCAR5525, SOLCAR6000, SOLCAR6100, SOLCAR6900, SOLCAR7000, SOLCAR8000, SOLCAR8001, SOLCAR9000, SOLCAR9100, SOLCAR9500, SOLCAR9501, SOLCAR9502, SOLCAR9505

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. **LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50%

(one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion **ppm** Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours **ppm/6h** Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure **STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight